ABSTRACT
Amputation of a finger will have considerable functional and psychological impact on an individual. Although prosthetic rehabilitation incorporating implants is considered an ideal treatment option, the patient may not give consent due to apprehension toward surgical procedures. The ideal prosthesis should replace the missing part of the finger so precisely that it would not draw the attention of the observer. Fabrication of such a prosthesis will require great technical and artistic expertise. This paper presents a case of prosthetic rehabilitation of an amputated finger using a silicone finger prosthesis.

Keywords: Amputation, Finger prosthesis, Prosthetic finger, Silicone.


INTRODUCTION
The common causes for finger amputations are trauma, congenital absence, and malformations.1 Loss of part or whole of a finger will emotionally disturb the patient and may lead to serious functional deficiencies. Rehabilitation of such defects depends on the amount of tissue lost, the level of amputation, and the bone involvement if any. Although advancements in the field of microsurgical procedures have helped patients, prosthetic rehabilitation remains as one of the most important treatment options available due to reduced expense and less technical difficulties involved.2,3 Prosthetic rehabilitation can be satisfactory in patients who have at least 1.5 cm of residual stump.4 Prosthodontic rehabilitation can be successful only when the patient can appear in public without the fear of attracting unwanted attention from an observer.5 This article presents a case of prosthetic rehabilitation of a partially amputated finger using a silicone finger prosthesis.

CASE REPORT
A 31-year-old male patient reported to the Department of Prosthodontics, Government Dental College, Alappuzha, with a chief complaint of partially missing middle finger on his right hand (Fig. 1). The patient had lost his finger in a road traffic accident 2 years ago. Clinical examination revealed that the proximal phalanx part of the middle finger was missing. The skin over the residual finger stump was completely healed with no signs of inflammation. A silicone finger prosthesis was planned for the patient.

CLINICAL PROCEDURE
The patient’s hand was lubricated with petroleum jelly. A suitably sized cardboard box was used to confine the impression material. A thin mix of irreversible hydrocolloid impression material was poured over the palmar side first and then over the dorsal side to prevent tearing of the impression during retrieval. During the impression procedure, the patient was instructed to keep the hand in a relaxed position without stretching. After the material had set, the impression was retrieved (Fig. 2). The impression was poured in a dental stone without any voids to obtain a positive replica of the affected hand (Fig. 3). An impression of the middle finger of

Fig. 1: Preoperative photograph
the opposing left hand was made using elastomeric impression material. Molten wax was poured into this impression to obtain a working wax pattern, which was sculpted to fit the stump replica of the mutilated finger on the stone cast (Fig. 4). Artificial nails with adhesives were used to replicate the natural nail contours (Fig. 5). Wax try-in of the prosthesis was done and necessary corrections were made (Fig. 6). The stump was then sectioned from the stone cast with the wax pattern (Fig. 7). In order to give a snug fit to the final silicone prosthesis, scoring of 1 to 1.5 mm was done on the base of the stump. The artificial nail was carefully removed from the wax pattern. Flasking of the wax pattern was done in such a manner that the ventral and dorsal aspects were separable. Dewaxing procedure was done and the wax residue was completely eliminated (Fig. 8). The mold was allowed to cool thoroughly prior to the shade matching and silicone packing procedure. Factor II medical-grade silicone MDX-4210 (RTV) was used for the fabrication of the prosthesis. In the presence of the patient, shade matching was done by adding intrinsic colors to the silicone material (Fig. 9). Characterization with shade variations was done on the dorsal and palmar surfaces during packing of the silicone material. Curing was done according to manufacturer’s instructions. After complete polymerization, the prosthesis was retrieved and polished. Artificial nail was reattached to the silicone prosthesis using cyanoacrylate adhesive (Figs 10 and 11).
DISCUSSION

Although severely injured and traumatically amputated digits can be treated by microsurgical replantation, prosthetic rehabilitation can offer great psychological help to the patient when surgery is contraindicated, unsuccessful, or unaffordable. Prosthetic rehabilitation is medically uncompromised and allows close monitoring of the surgical site. Prosthetic replacement can be considered in these situations to restore the finger with a functional prosthesis with a matching color, form, and
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Texture to improve and enhance the patient’s confidence.\textsuperscript{8} Silicone prosthesis allows copying every detail of the natural hand and is not subject to ordinary thermal damages or stains.\textsuperscript{5} MDX-4210 is an RTV translucent silicone, which is compatible with almost all the intrinsic and extrinsic coloring systems.\textsuperscript{9} Advances in the field of material science have led to the evolution of silicone materials with improved biological characteristics and coloration methods.\textsuperscript{10}

Although various modes of retention are available for the retention of finger prosthesis such as implants, medical-grade adhesives, rings, and attachments, the degree of retention mainly depends upon the length and form of the residual stump. In this case, the vacuum retention provided by the snug fit of the prosthesis was enough for the retention of the prosthesis.

CONCLUSION

Loss of a digit will have a profound effect on the self-esteem and psychological status of the patient. When surgical reconstruction is contraindicated or unaffordable, a prosthetic finger will assist in the rehabilitation of the patient. Fabrication of highly esthetic finger prosthesis will require great technical and artistic expertise. This case report describes the prosthetic rehabilitation of a patient with an amputated finger using a silicone finger prosthesis.

REFERENCES